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** NTTsrds.c
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**
** Compiled using Microsoft C for Windows NT
**
** A program to demonstrate threads in Windows NT. In addition to
** the main thread, this process spawns two other threads-
**   A keyboard input thread
**   A console output thread
**
** The keyboard input thread reads keystrokes into a shared buffer
** until either the return key is pressed or the buffer is full.
** At that point, the input thread signals an event to indicate
** that input is done. The output thread, which has been waiting
** on the event, sees that it is OK to print the string to
** the console. If a blank line is entered, then the input
** thread raises the "end input" event, which notifies the main
** thread via an event signal that the process should end.
*/
#include <windows.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAXL_STR 80

/* Shared buffer... */
char str[MAXL_STR];

/* Event Handles... */
HANDLE hInputDone, hOutputDone, hEndInputEvent;

/* The Input Thread... */
DWORD inputThread ( LPVOID lpThreadParameter ) {

    char ch;
    int nCount = 0;

    while( 1 ) {
        ch = _getch();

        /* The [Enter] key was hit OR buffer is full... */
        if( ch == 13 || nCount >= MAXL_STR - 1 ) {

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if( str[0] == 0 ) { /* A blank line means end process */  

    /* Set the End Input Event so that the main thread, */  

    /* which has been waiting on this event, knows to end */  

    /* the process. */  

    SetEvent( hEndInputEvent );  

    ExitThread( 0 );  

}  

/* Signal the input event so the output thread will know */  

/* it's time to print the string. */  

SetEvent( hInputDone );  

/* Wait till the output event is signaled so the input */  

/* thread can start taking characters again. */  

WaitForSingleObject( hOutputDone, INFINITE );  

/* Output is finished. Clear the string and begin reading */  

/* from the keyboard again... */  

memset( str, '0', sizeof(str) );  

nCount = 0;  

} /* if */  

else  

    /* Add the character to the string... */  

    str[ nCount++ ] = ch;  

} /* while */  

return 0;  

} /* inputThread */  

/* The output thread... */  

DWORD outputThread( LPVOID lpThreadParameter ){  

while( 1 ) {  

    puts( "Output thread waiting for signal from input thread" );  

    /* Wait for the input done event. It signals that the string */  

    /* can be shown... */  

    WaitForSingleObject( hInputDone, INFINITE );  

    /* Input is done. Print the string... */  

    puts( str );  

    puts( " " );  

    /* Set the output event so that the input thread knows it */  

    /* may start reading a new string... */  

    SetEvent( hOutputDone );  

} /* while */  

return 0;  

}  

/* The main thread... */  

int main() {  

    HANDLE hInputThread = NULL,  

        hOutputThread = NULL;  

    DWORD dwInputThreadId, dwOutputThreadId;  

    /* Initialize the buffer... */  

    memset( str, '0', sizeof(str) );  

    /* Create the event flags... */  

    hInputDone = CreateEvent( NULL, // Not worried about security here  

        FALSE, // Let Windows automatically  

            // reset the event once the  

            // waiting thread resumes...  

        FALSE, // Initial state is off, or  

            // "not signaled"...  

        NULL ); // There needn't be a name for  

            // this event...  

    hOutputDone = CreateEvent( NULL,  

        FALSE,  

        FALSE,  

        NULL );  

    hEndInputEvent = CreateEvent( NULL,  

        FALSE,  

        FALSE,  

        NULL );  

    /* Instructions for the user... */  

    puts("Enter keystrokes- they will be displayed when you hit [Enter]" );  

    puts(" A blank line ends the process\n" );  

    /* Start the input thread... */  

    hInputThread = CreateThread( NULL, // Not worried about  

        // security here  

        0, // Use the default  

            // stack size  

        inputThread, // Start of code  

        NULL, // No parameters needed  

        0, // Start thread  

            // immediately  

        &dwInputThreadId ); // Put the thread ID  

            // here  

    /* Start the output thread... */  

    hOutputThread = CreateThread( NULL,

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    0,
    outputThread,
    NULL,
    0,
    &dwOutputThreadID );

/* Wait on the "end input" event. It will be raised by the input */
/* thread when an empty line is entered... */
WaitForSingleObject( hEndInputEvent, INFINITE );

puts( "End of input..." );

/* Clean up... */
TerminateThread( hOutputThread, 0 );
CloseHandle( hInputThread );
CloseHandle( hOutputThread );
CloseHandle( hInputDone );
CloseHandle( hOutputDone );
CloseHandle( hEndInputEvent );

return 0;
}
```